## § 95.671

#### §95.671 Serial number.

The serial number of each CB transmitter must be engraved on the transmitter chassis.

[53 FR 36789, Sept. 22, 1988. Redesignated at 61 FR 28769, June 6, 1996, and further redesignated at 61 FR 46567, Sept. 4, 1996]

## §95.673 Copy of rules.

A copy of part 95, subpart D, of the FCC Rules, current at the time of packing of the transmitter, must be furnished with each CB transmitter marketed.

[53 FR 36789, Sept. 22, 1988. Redesignated at 61 FR 28769, June 6, 1996, and further redesignated at 61 FR 46567, Sept. 4, 1996]

#### APPENDIX 1 TO SUBPART E TO PART 95— GLOSSARY OF TERMS

The definitions used in part 95, Subpart E

Authorized bandwidth. Maximum permissible bandwidth of a transmission.

 $\it Carrier\ power.$  Average TP during one unmodulated RF cycle.

CB. Citizens Band Radio Service.

*CB transmitter.* A transmitter that operates or is intended to operate at a station authorized in the CB.

Channel frequencies. Reference frequencies from which the carrier frequency, suppressed or otherwise, may not deviate by more than the specified frequency tolerance.

*Crystal.* Quartz piezo-electric element. *Crystal controlled.* Use of a crystal to establish the transmitted frequency.

dB. Decibels.

EIRP. Effective Isotropic Radiated Power. Antenna input power times gain for free-space or in-tissue measurement configurations required by MICS, expressed in watts, where the gain is referenced to an isotropic radiator.

 $\it FCC.$  Federal Communications Commission.

Filtering. Refers to the requirement in  $\S\,95.633(b).$ 

FRS. Family Radio Service.

GMRS. General Mobile Radio Service.

*GMRS transmitter.* A transmitter that operates or is intended to operate at a station authorized in the GMRS.

Harmful interference. Any transmission, radiation or induction that endangers the functioning of a radionavigation or other safety service or seriously degrades, obstructs or repeatedly interrupts a radiocommunication service operating in accordance with applicable laws, treaties and regulations.

*Mean power.* TP averaged over at least 30 cycles of the lowest modulating frequency, typically 0.1 seconds at maximum power.

*MICS.* Medical Implant Communications Service.

Medical implant device. Apparatus that is placed inside the human body for the purpose of performing diagnostic or therapeutic functions.

Medical implant event. An occurrence or the lack of an occurrence recognized by a medical implant device, or a duly authorized health care professional, that requires the transmission of data from a medical implant transmitter in order to protect the safety or well-being of the person in whom the medical implant transmitter has been implanted.

Medical implant communications service (MICS) transmitter. A transmitter authorized to operate in the MICS.

Medical implant programmer/control transmitter. A MICS transmitter that operates or is designed to operate outside of a human body for the purpose of communicating with a receiver connected to a medical implant device.

Medical implant transmitter. A MICS transmitter that operates or is designed to operate within a human body for the purpose of facilitating communications from a medical implant device.

*Peak envelope power.* TP averaged during one RF cycle at the highest crest of the modulation envelope.

R/C. Radio Control Radio Service.

R/C transmitter. A transmitter that operates or is intended to operate at a station authorized in the R/C.

RF. Radio frequency.

*Transmitter.* Apparatus that converts electrical energy received from a source into RF energy capable of being radiated.

TP. RF transmitter power expressed in W, either mean or peak envelope, as measured at the transmitter output antenna terminals.

W. Watts.

 $\ensuremath{\textit{WMTS}}.$  Wireless Medical Telemetry Service.

[64 FR 69932, Dec. 15, 1999, as amended at 65 FR 44008, July 17, 2000]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 65 FR 44008, July 17, 2000, appendix 1 to subpart E of part 95 was amended by adding a definition for "WMTS", effective Oct. 16, 2000.

# Subpart F—218–219 MHz Service

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Source:  $57 \ FR \ 8275$ , Mar. 9, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

## § 95.801 Scope.

This subpart sets out the regulations governing the licensing and operation of a 218–219 MHz system. This subpart